## 23124 3 Hours / 80 Marks



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Seat	No.						

Instructions -

- (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.
- (7) In case student has attempted sub-questions of question no. 3 more than once, only first attempt should be considered for assessment.

Marks

## 1. Answer any SIX of the following:

**30** 

- a) What are Nutraceuticals and Antioxidants. Give therapeutic applications of both.
- b) Write biological source, chemical constituents, commercial preparations, therapeutic uses and cosmetic uses of Almond oil.
- c) Give principle in detail about Homeopathic system of medicine.
- d) Define Laxatives. Give examples of it. Give synonym Biological source and chemical constituent of any one drug.
- e) Give Biological source, chemical constituents of Vasaka and Rauwolfia.
- f) What is crude drug evaluation? Enlist various types of evaluation of crude drug and explain in detail about physical evaluation of crude drug.
- g) Describe in detail about chemical method of classification of crude drugs with suitable examples and give merits and demerits of it.

## 2. Answer any TEN of the following:

**30** 

- a) Explain qualitative test for Alkaloids in detail. (Any three)
- b) Describe novel drug delivery of herbal formulation with it's advantages and disadvantages.
- c) Five role of medicinal and aromatic plant in national economy.
- d) Write synonym, Biological source and chemical constituent of coriander.
- e) What are cardiotonics? Enlist 2 examples of crude drug of it and name the drug which gives killer killani test positive.
- f) Write Biological source, chemical constituent and therapeutic uses of cardamom.
- g) Give difference between antiseptic and disinfectants.
- h) Define structure and ligatures. Write ideal requirements of sutures.
- i) Define glycosides. Classify glycosides on the basis of linkage.
- j) Define 'Adulteration'. Describe any two methods of adulteration.
- k) Define 'Pharmacognosy'. Who coined the term pharmacognosy and when.

## 3. Answer all questions:

**20** 

- a) Write two chemical constituents of Aloe Vera gel.
- b) Spirulina belongs to which family.
- c) Define Gutika.
- d) Silk contains a protein known as ......
- e) Define carminative.

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- [2] f) Synonym for black pepper is ...... Family of Asafoetida is ...... g) Hog Wood is used as synonym for ...... Write two examples of antiseptic crude drug. i) Synonym for Ginger is ...... i) Give one difference between volatile oil and fixed oil. 1) Palisade ratio is -Average number of palisade cells below each upper epidermal cell. ii) Total number of parenchyma cells iii) None iv) Total number of stomata cells. Give significance of Ash value. Oleoresins are mixtures of following two resin and volatile oil ii) resin and gum iii) resin and benzoic acid iv) resin and cinnamic acid Name two antimalarial drug. p) Following part of vinca is used as medicine source. Flower i) Stem ii) iii) Root
  - iv) Entire plant.
- q) Family of Hyoscyamus is ......
  - i) Solanaceae
  - ii) Umbelliferae
  - iii) Combretaceae
  - iv) Rubiaceae.
- r) Lavender oil belongs to which family.
  - i) Oleaceae
  - ii) Rosaceae
  - iii) Liliaceae
  - iv) Labiate.
- s) Give two examples of probiotics.
- t) Unani system of medicine based on which theories.